

Exercice 2:

1. $N^2 =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

✓

$$N^3 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

✓

$$N^n = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

car pour $n \geq 3$. *Gui*

$$A^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^3 = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 12 & 4 & 0 \\ 3 & 4 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 2 & 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 0 & 12 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 4 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 2 & 0 & 0 & 8 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 0 & 36 & 8 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 18 & 12 & 8 \end{array} \right)$$

$$A = N + D \quad \text{si } D = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^n = (N + D)^n$$

On sait que

$$N^n = N$$

$$N^2 \neq 0$$

$$N^3 = 0$$

A bien revoir

$$D^n = \begin{pmatrix} 2^n & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2^n & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2^n \end{pmatrix}$$

Exercice 1:

$$DL_3(0) \text{ de } f: x \mapsto \frac{x^2 - \sin(x)}{\operatorname{sh}(x)}$$

$$\sin(x) \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{=} x - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^5}{120} + o(x^3) \quad \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 - \sin(x) &\underset{x \rightarrow 0}{=} x^2 - \left(x - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^5}{120} + o(x^3) \right) \quad \checkmark \\ &\underset{x \rightarrow 0}{=} x^2 - x + \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^5}{120} + o(x^3) \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$\operatorname{sh}(x) \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{=} x + \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3) \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{1}{\operatorname{sh}(x)} \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{=} \frac{1}{x + \frac{x^3}{6}} + o(x^3) \quad \checkmark$$

$$\underset{x \rightarrow 0}{=} \frac{1}{x} + \frac{6}{x^3} + o(x^3)$$

$$\frac{1}{a+b} \neq \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}$$

A revoir,

$$\frac{x^2 - \sin(x)}{\operatorname{sh}(x)} \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{=} \left(x^2 - x + \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3) \right) \times \left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{6}{x^3} + o(x^3) \right)$$

$$\underset{x \rightarrow 0}{=} \left(x + \frac{x^2}{6} + o(x^3) \right) \times \left(\frac{6}{x} \right)$$

$$\underset{x \rightarrow 0}{=} \frac{6x + 6x^2 + o(x^3)}{x^2}$$

$$\underset{x \rightarrow 0}{=} \frac{6}{x} + \frac{1}{x} + o(x^3)$$