

Interrogation 13.5 d'entraînement

Systèmes linéaires

Négligeabilité - Equivalents

1. Savoir appliquer l'algorithme de Gauss-Jordan sur un système.

3.1 Résoudre le système $(\mathcal{S})$:

$$\begin{cases} 2x - y + 3z = 1 \\ -4x + 2y + z = 3 \\ -2x + y + 4z = 4 \\ 10x - 5y - 6z = -10 \end{cases}$$

3.2 Résoudre le système $(\mathcal{S})$:

$$\begin{cases} 2x + y - 4z = 8 \\ 3x + 3y - 5z = 14 \\ 4x + 5y - 2z = 16 \end{cases}$$

3.3 Résoudre le système $(\mathcal{S})$:

$$\begin{cases} x + 2y + 3z = 1 \\ 2x + 3y - z = 0 \\ 3x + y + 2z = 0 \end{cases}$$

3.4 Résoudre le système $(\mathcal{S})$:

$$\begin{cases} 2x + y + z = 3 \\ 3x - y - 2z = 0 \\ x + y - z = -2 \\ x + 2y + z = 1 \end{cases}$$

3.5 Résoudre le système $(\mathcal{S}_{10})$:

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 6y + 5z + 6t + 4u = 14 \\ 5x + 9y + 7z + 8t + 6u = 18 \\ 6x + 12y + 13z + 9t + 7u = 32 \\ 4x + 6y + 6z + 5t + 4u = 16 \\ 2x + 5y + 4z + 5t + 3u = 11 \end{cases} \quad \text{Héhéhé...}$$

2. Savoir appliquer l'algorithme de Gauss-Jordan sur une matrice.

4.1 Echelonner la matrice $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

4.2 Echelonner la matrice $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

4.3 Echelonner la matrice $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 7 & 2 & 5 \\ -2 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$.

4.4 Echelonner la matrice $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 & -3 \\ -2 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$.

4.5 Echelonner la matrice $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 2 \\ -7 & -7 & 2 \\ 0 & 4 & -6 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$.

4.6 Echelonner la matrice $A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 & -3 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

3. **Simplifier un petit o .** Sans justification ou démonstration, simplifier au maximum l'expression donnée.

$$2.1 \quad o(x^5 + x^2) + xo(3) + (o(x^2))^3 \underset{x \rightarrow +\infty}{=} ?$$

$$2.2 \quad o(7\sqrt{x} + \sin(x) - x^2 \ln(x)) \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{=} ?$$

$$2.3 \quad \frac{1}{x^5} + o\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right) + \sin(x)o\left(\frac{1}{x^3}\right) + o\left(\frac{1}{x^4 \ln(x)}\right) \underset{x \rightarrow +\infty}{=} ?$$

$$2.4 \quad o(x^x) + 2^x o(3^x) - 10^{10} o\left(\frac{x^3}{\ln(x)}\right) \underset{x \rightarrow +\infty}{=} ?$$

$$2.5 \quad 9x + o(x^3) + 2019\sqrt{x} + o(\ln^5(x)) \underset{x \rightarrow +\infty}{=} ?$$

$$2.6 \quad o(\arcsin(x^2) + 3 \ln(x) + o(1)x) \underset{x \rightarrow 1}{=} ?$$

$$2.7 \quad o(\ln(1 + o(x)) + x^2) + o(|\sin(x)|^{3/2}) \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{=} ?$$

$$2.8 \quad o(1)o(x^3) + o(x^{1/3})o(\sqrt{x}) + o(x \ln(x)) \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{=} ?$$

$$2.9 \quad o\left(\arcsin\left(x - \frac{x^2}{3} + o(x^2)\right)\right) o(\cos(x)) \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{=} ?$$

$$2.10 \quad o\left(\sum_{k=1}^n x^k \ln^{n-k}(x)\right) \underset{x \rightarrow +\infty}{=} ?$$

$$2.11 \quad o\left(e^{o\left(\frac{1}{x^4}\right) + (o\left(\frac{1}{x}\right))^2 o(\ln^3(x))}\right) \underset{x \rightarrow +\infty}{=} ?$$

$$2.12 \quad o\left(\frac{1}{x \ln^3(x)} + \frac{1}{x} o\left(\frac{1}{\ln(x^3)}\right)\right) + \left(o\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)\right)^3 \ln(x) \underset{x \rightarrow +\infty}{=} ?$$

$$2.13 \quad o\left[\ln\left(1 + \frac{1}{n^2}\right)n + o\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}\right)\right) o\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{n^6+2}}\right)\right] \underset{n \rightarrow +\infty}{=} ?$$

$$2.14 \quad o(3 \sin^2(x)) + \cos(x)o(x^3) + o(\ln(x+1)) + o(\ln(1-x)) \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{=} ?$$

$$2.15 \quad o\left((e^{5n})^2 + \frac{n!}{n^3} + n^2 \ln^5(n)\right) + o(\operatorname{sh}(n)) o(\operatorname{ch}(n)) \underset{n \rightarrow +\infty}{=} ?$$

$$2.16 \quad o\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{n^2}\right)\right) - \sin^2\left(o\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right) + \sin\left(o\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right)^2 \underset{n \rightarrow +\infty}{=} ?$$

$$2.17 \quad o(\ln(x)) o\left(\frac{1}{\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}\right) - 5o(x^2) o\left(\frac{1}{\ln^3(x)}\right) + (o(\arctan(\sqrt{x})))^4 \underset{x \rightarrow +\infty}{=} ?$$

$$2.18 \quad o(\sqrt{n! + 3^n + n^n}) o\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1}{n^2}\right) + \ln\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right) \underset{n \rightarrow +\infty}{=} ?$$

$$2.19 \quad o\left(o\left[o(\ln^3(x))x^2 + \tan(3x^2) + o(x)o(\sqrt{x})\right]\right) \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{=} ?$$

$$2.20 \quad o\left((x-2)^2\right) \sqrt{o(\operatorname{sh}(x-2))} + \sqrt{x-2} e^{x-2} o(4) \underset{x \rightarrow 2}{=} ?$$

4. **Déterminer un équivalent.** Sans justification ou démonstration, donner un équivalent le plus simple possible.

$$2.1 \quad \frac{\cos(x) - \sqrt{1+x^2}}{x^2} \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.2 \quad \frac{x^3 \arctan(x) - x^4}{\cos(x^2) - 1} \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.3 \quad \frac{\sin(x) - \ln(1+x)}{x \tan(x)} \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.4 \quad 5^x - 1 \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.5 \quad \frac{\arctan(x) - \sin(x)}{\operatorname{sh}(x)} \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.6 \quad e^{\cos(x)} \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.7 \quad (\sin(x) + x)^3 \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.8 \quad \arcsin(x)\sqrt{1+x} - e^x \ln(1+x^2) \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.9 \quad \frac{\sqrt{1+2x} - \cos(x)}{x} \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.10 \quad \operatorname{ch}(x) - (1+3x)^5 \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.11 \quad \operatorname{sh}(e^{3x}) \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.12 \quad \arctan(\operatorname{sh}(x)) \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.13 \quad \arctan(\operatorname{ch}(x)) \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.14 \quad \frac{\ln(\cos(2x))}{\ln(\cos(3x))} \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.15 \quad (\ln(1+x) - x)^2 \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.16 \quad \frac{\operatorname{ch}(x) - \cos(x)}{1+x \arctan(x^2) - \sqrt{1+x^3}} \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.17 \quad \sqrt{1 - \sqrt{1-x^2}} \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.18 \quad \frac{e^x - 1 - x}{\ln(1+x)} \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.19 \quad \ln(1+x^2) - \arctan(x^2) \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$

$$2.20 \quad \ln(1+\sin(x)) \underset{x \rightarrow 0}{\sim} ?$$